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#### **Background Energy Consumption**

# Mobile devices consume energy without human-interaction

#### Many (periodic) **short-lived events** executed:



Fetch Remote Data Communicate with Nearby Device(s) Receive Push Notification Sample Sensor(s)

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#### **Power Trace with Events**



#### **Power Trace with Events**

**Event** = Pull data from remote server over WiFi











#### **Power Trace with Events**



#### **Power Trace with Events**



















### **Transitions are Inefficient**

Transitions account for 75% of total energy consumption!



Time (milliseconds)

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### On → Suspend



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Flush filesystem buffers
Freeze all tasks
Suspend all devices
Disable non-boot CPUs
Set RAM to self-refresh
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# Suspend → On



# Suspend → On



Enable CPUs
Resume all devices
Thaw all tasks

# Suspend → On



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Resume all devices
Thaw all tasks

Wake up only what is necessary

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#### Wake up only what is necessary



#### Wake up only what is necessary

Necessary for Pull Data:

a Application Alarm Device 🛜 WiFi Device

System Services

Unnecessary:

USB Device Battery Monitoring Device Calendar App Power Regulator Devices Bluetooth Device Power Regulators Input Devices SD Card Device

Construct minimal "wake set" of tasks and devices

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Smallest set that maintains correct behavior

Expand on-demand as event progresses

**Constraint:** No modifications to user-space

## **Transitions To/From Drowsy**








Wake Set =
{ <Prev. Running Tasks> }





























### Drowsy Wake Set: Pull Data



# Drowsy Wake Set: Pull Data



# Drowsy Wake Set: Pull Data



### 15 tasks thawed & 16 devices resumed 1.8% 1.9%

# Implementation



#### Implemented Drowsy within Android kernel

Platform: Google Nexus 4 ("Mako")

Version: 4.2.2 (Fork of Linux 3.4)

**SLOC**: ~4,600

# Instrumenting Android

For determining when to add tasks/devices to wake set



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### Example: file\_operations





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struct file\_operations d\_fops: .open = &drv\_open .read = &drv\_read .write = &drowsy\_write .write\_impl = &drv\_write

### Example: file\_operations





```
int drowsy_write(File *f, …)
Device *d = fileToDevice(f)
if(d→state == Suspended)
resumeDevice(d)
```

f→f\_ops.write\_impl(f, …)

# **Evaluation: Benchmarking**



**ALM** Set a future wakeup alarm

- **BT2** Accept incoming Bluetooth connection
- **PUL** Fetch weather update (and set alarm)
- **PSH** Receive incoming push notification
- **SEN** Sample the accelerometer (and set alarm)

















# Wakeup Cycle: Pull Data


# Wakeup Cycle: Pull Data



# Wakeup Cycle: Pull Data



#### Improvement: Battery Life



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### Improvement: Battery Life



### Summary

Existing power management not optimized for short-lived events

Drowsy wakes up the minimal set of tasks and devices is 1.5 - 5x as energy efficient for short-lived events

Source code is available at:

www.cs.umd.edu/projects/drowsy/

